ASKM & CO.,

Chartered Accountants



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of PVP Capital Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of PVP Capital Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31stMarch 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. (herein after referred as "financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 as amended ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2023 and its Loss, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements

- a) The Company is pursuing the realization of dues to the Company and created provisions for unrealizable amounts. Apart from this the Company is not carrying any main business activity.
- b) The Company has not filled the appointment of Chief Financial officer from resignation of previous Officer as per section 203 of the company's act 2013. Default of the mandatory requirement will result the penalties to the company and Directors.
- c) The Company's inability to meets its financial requirements, non-payment of statutory dues, absence of visual cash flows, the pending legal outcomes and liquidity constraints which doubts the ability of the company.

H.No. 8-3-903/7 & 8, Flat # 201 2nd Floor, Tarakarama Estates Nagarjuna Nagar Colony Ameerpet, Hyderabad - 500 073. Mobile: +91 9963944888 askm4tax@gmail.com

Material Uncertainty relating to going concern

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements

Which indicates as per Note 18.1(a) The Company has not maintaining the minimum net owned fund of Rs. 2 crores as per registration and regulation policy of RBI which leads the non compliance and may cancel the registration as NBFC .Along with other points discussed in basis for qualified opinion, indicates the existence of material uncertainty that may cast the significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as going concern. However in view of the management revised plans and other factors described, the management is of the view that the going concern basis for accounting is appropriate.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the `Auditor`s responsibilities for the audit of Financial Statements` section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and we have fulfilled our other ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI`s code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that the following are the key audit matters to communicate in our audit report.

1. Evaluation of uncertain tax positions

The Company has material uncertain tax positions including matters under dispute which involve significant judgment to determine the possible outcome of these disputes.

Refer Note no. 18.12 to the financial statements.



We have gone through the management's assumptions to determine the possible outcome of these disputes.

Information Other than Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with out audit of financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and those charged with Governance for the Financial Statements.

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of thefinancial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Management of Company is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Management of Company either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but it is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always deduct a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decision of the users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internalfinancial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast

significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the plannedscope and timings of the audit findings including any significant deficiencies ininternal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevantethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and othermatters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We decide these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order. As required by the Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditors' Report (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016 we give Annexure-C.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit M &

- (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the Balance sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaidfinancial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31stMarch 2023taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31stMarch 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- (g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does have pending litigationagainst its borrowers against whom the Company has already made an expected credit loss after considering expected recovery amount.
 - ii. The Company did not have long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (b) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c) Based on such audit procedures that we have considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- (h) Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023 and according reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

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For ASKM & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration number: 012799\$

GANGADHAR. ANNA

Partner

Membership number: 224029

Hyderabad 13-May-2023

UDIN: 23224029BGVTHZ8600

Annexure - A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the PVP Capital Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31stMarch 2023, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) These fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such physical verification. Fair value measurement of the land and the building held as Investment Property not made by external valuer. However, based on the Company's internal assessment of the fair value, the above value was arrived at.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company does not have any intangible assets. Accordingly, the clause 3(i) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made there under.
- (ii) (a) The company is Service Company; there are no Inventories as at the year end. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3 (ii)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company for the year under audit.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned any new working capital limits from banks or financial institutions and closed the existing loan account by the company during the year.
- (iii)

 a) The company is being NBFC whose principal business is to give loans is exempt from clause (iii)(a).
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the company's interest.
 - c) In respect of loans granted by the company, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and repayments of principal amounts and receipts of interest are generally been regular except in few cases.



- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, overdue amounts were considered doubtful and provided required provision by the company.
- e) The company being an NBFC whose principle business is to give loans is exempt from clause 3(iii) (e).
- f) During the year company had made loan to its holding company PHML of Rs. 0.28 cr and total loan of closing balance is Rs. 21.21 cr.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made to the extent applicable to the Company, being a Non Banking Finance Company.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act, for any of the services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, the Company did not have any dues except the following

According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no other undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (inRs.)	Period to which the amount	Due since
		, ,	Relates	
Income Tax Act	Return Dues	10,69,86,592	April 2014 to March 2017	Due during intervening periods
Income Tax Act	TDS Liabilities	45,39,151	April 16 to March, 2020 onwards	Due during intervening periods

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no

material dues of any duty or tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except income tax demand of Rs. 42,28,715/- for the financial year 2017-18. Refer Note No. 17.12.

A.Y	Amount of Disputed	Pending in
2018-19	Rs. 42,28,715/-	NFAC

- (viii) During the year, no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
 - (ix) The Company has done loan repayment principal and interest to bank as the OTS proposal permitted by bank letter ref no 7700-BR/2752-54/PVPOTS/2022 dated 15th march 2022. The total settlement amount Rs.95.00 cr towards full and final settlement amount. The company has settled the same within the stipulated by the bank.
 - (x) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(x) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (xi) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.No report has been filed with the Central Government by the auditors.There were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company.
 - (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not mandated to have internal audit system. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.



(xvi)

- a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is required to obtain the registration under section 45-IA and the necessary registration has been duly obtained.
- b) In our opinion, the Company has conducted Non- Banking financial activities with a valid certificate of registration (COR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- c) In our opinion, according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not a Core Investment Company and hence clause xvi (C) is not applicable.
- d) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year.
- (xviii) The present auditors were appointed in last AGM and there were no statutory auditor's resignation during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of financial ratios, ageing expected dates of realization of financial assets payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that material uncertainty does not exists on the date of the audit report that the Company is incapable of meetings its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.
 - (xx) During this year company not required to spend any CSR fund as per provisions subsection (5) of section 135 of the said act.

For ASKM& Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 0127999

GANGADHAR. ANNA

Partner

Membership number: 224029

Hyderabad 13-May-2023

Udin: 23224029BGVTHZ8600

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of PVP Capital Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2023 in conjunction with our audit of thefinancial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of thefinancial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to

provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Qualified Opinion

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our audit, the following material weakness has been identified as at March 31, 2023:

- a) The Company needs to strength its documentation relating to loan disbursement. The Company should consider taking tangible immovable property as collateral security from the borrowers. Any life risk to the borrower would put the Company into a great risk of default from the borrower.
- b) The Company has only 2 employees during the year and all the operations are being carried out by them in conjunction with the employees of the Holding Company. Hence there is no internal control framework in place in the Company.

c) The Company has been defaulting in its commitments on corporate tax

- payments, being sluggish on collecting receivables thus signaling a tough liquidity crunch.
- d) The Company has filed just two legal suits for recovery of its advances given. Considering the duration for which the advances given are due, the Company should be steadfast to file more suits for recovery.

A 'material weakness' is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal financial control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not established its internal financial control over financial reporting on criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Because of this reason, we are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide the basis for my / our opinion whether the Company had adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and whether such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023.

We have considered this as qualification and reported above in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit tests applied in our audit of the financial statements of the Company, and the qualifications does affect our opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

For ASKM & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012799S

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GANGADHAR.ANNA

Partner

Membership Number: 224029

Hyderabad 13th May, 2023

UDIN: 23224029BGVTHZ8600

Annexure -C

To the Board of Directors of, PVP Capital Limited

We have audited the Balance Sheet of PVP Capital Limited for the year ended on March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (Including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of changes in equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended annexed thereto.

As required by the Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditors' Report (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we provide herewith, a statement on the matters given to us.

- i. The company is engaged in the business of Non-Banking Financial Institution and it has obtained the certificate of registration as provided in section 45-IA of the RBI Act, 1934.
- ii. The Company is holding the Certificate of Registration in terms of the Asset/Income pattern as on March31, 2023
- iii. The company is in the process of meeting the requirements of net owned funds to 2 crores as laid down in master directions -Nonbanking financial company Systemically important non-deposit taking company and deposit taking company Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.
- iv. The Board of Directors of the Company has passed a resolution for non-acceptance of public deposit.
- v. The Company has not accepted any public deposit during the period under review.
- vi. According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the prudential norms on Income Recognition, Indian Accounting Standards, Asset Classification, Provisioning for bad and doubtful debts as specified in the direction issued by the Reserve Bank of India in terms of the Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company –Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.
- vii. The capital adequacy ratio as disclosed in the return submitted to RBI in terms of Master Direction Non-Banking Financial Company Systemically Important Non-deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016, has been correctly arrived.
- viii. The Company is in the process of submitting RBI the annual statement of Capital Fund, risk assets/Exposures and risk assets ratio within the stipulated period

ix. The Company has not been classified as NBFC-MFI for the year ended March 31, 2023.

The report has been issued pursuant to the Non-Banking Financial Companies Auditors' Report (Reserve Bank) Direction, 2016 and is issued to the Board of Directors of the Company as required by Paragraph 2 of such directions and should not be used for any other purpose.

For ASKM& Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration Number: 012799S

GANGADHAR.ANNA

Partner

Membership Number: 224029

Hyderabad

13th May, 2023

UDIN: 23224029BGVTHZ8600

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Balance Sheet as at Mar 31, 2023

	Balance Sheet as at Mar 31, 202	3		
	Particulars	Note No.	As at Mar 31, 2023 (Amounts in Lakhs)	As at Mar 31, 2022 (Amounts in Lakhs)
	Turiculus		,	
I	ASSETS			
(1)	Financial Assets			
	(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	0.22	0.13
	(b) Bank Balance other than (a) above			900.00
	(c) Derivative Financial Statement			
	(d) Receivable		130.00	144.00
	(I) Trade Receivable		130.00	144.00
	(II) Other Receivable	3	2239.73	2784.38
	(e) Loans	3	2237.73	2701.00
	(f) Investments (g) Other Financial assets (to be specified)		0.69	0.69
	(g) Other Financial assets (to be specified)		2370.64	3829.21
(2)	Non-Financial Assets			
(2)	(a) Inventories			
	(b) Current tax assets (Net)			
	(c) Deferred tax assets (Net)			
	(d) Investment Property			
	(e) Biological assets other than bearer plants			
	(f) Property Plant and Equipment	4	0.03	0.03
	(g) Capital work-in-progress			
	(i) Goodwill			
	(j) Other Intangible Assets	_	402.00	102.70
	(k) Other Non Financial assets (to be specified)	5	103.22	103.79
	Total Assets		2473.89	3933.02
В	LIABILITIES			
(1)	Financial Liabilities			
	(a) Derivative financial instruments			
	(b) Payables (I) Trade Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of mircro enterprises and small enterprises			
	(ii)total outstanding dues of reditors other than mircro enterprises and small			
	enterprises	6	04.17	07.32
	(II) Other Payables			
	(i) total outstanding dues of mircro enterprises and small enterprises			
	(ii)total outstanding dues of creditors other than mircro enterprises and small			
	enterprises			
	(c) Debt Securities		1007.00	11007.00
	(d) Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	7	1807.00	11807.00
	(e) Deposits			
	(f) Subordinated Liabilities	8	0.99	13858.30
	(g) Other financial liabilities (to be specified)	0	1812.16	
(0)	New Firemoial Linkilities		1012.10	200, 2.02
(2)	Non Financial Liabilities			
	(a) Current tax liabilities (Net) (b) Provisions	9	1172.42	1131.42
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	1		
	(d) Other current liabilities	10	45.52	189.72
	(a) one curen moment		1217.93	1321.14
(3)	Equity			
(3)	(a) Equity Share Capital	11	2500.00	
	(b) Other Equity		-3056.20	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-556.20	
	Total Liabilities and Equity		2473.89	3933.02

Total Liabilities and Equity mmary of Significant Accounting Police

The accompanying notes and other explanatory information are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our Report of even date attached For M/s ASKM & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg No: 012799S

GANGADHAR. ANNA Partner

Partner

Membership No. 224029

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.S. Kumar

Director

A Praveen Kumar Director

UDIN:23224029BGVTHZ8600

Place : Chennai Date: 13.05.2023

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended Mar 31, 2023

Particulars	Note No.	Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2022
Particulars	1 1		
		(Amounts in Lakhs)	(Amounts in Lakhs)
		0.00	0.00
		200.00	000.00
	12		800.00
		200.00	800.00
oods, work in progress and stock in trade	13	200.00	800.00
	14	12.16	17.50
	15	240.66	3844.19
	4 & 5	0.57	0.58
enses	16	25.72	66.21
Assets / Non Performing Assets		372.90	0.00
		852.00	4728.49
items		-652.00	-3928.49
	17	23197.54	
		22545.54	-3928.49
		41.00	0.00
		0.00	0.00
		0.00	0.00
		41.00	0.00
VIII)		22504.54	-3928.49
		0.00	0.00
		0.00	0.00
bsequently to profit and loss			
r the year, net of tax		0.00	0.00
r the year		22504.54	-3928.49
re - (Rs.)		90.02	(15.71) 10
	penses It Assets / Non Performing Assets Items VIII) et of tax d subsequently to profit and loss efit obligation absequently to profit and loss or the year, net of tax or the year	penses It Assets / Non Performing Assets Items VIII) Let of tax It subsequently to profit and loss Lefit obligation It sequently to profit and loss Lefit or the year, net of tax It the year	200.00 200.00 200.00 200.00 14 12.16 15 240.66 4 & 5 0.57 25.72 25.00 23197.54 22545.54 41.00 0.00 0.00 41.00 0

The accompanying notes and other explanatory information are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

> FRN: 12799S

As per our Report of even date attached

For M/s ASKM & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg No: 012799S

GANGADHAR ANNA

Partner

Membership No. 224029 UDIN:23224029BGVTHZ8600

Place: Chennai Date: 13.05.2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.S. Kumar Director

A Praveen Kumar

Director

PVP CAPITAL LIMITED Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	31-03-2023	31-03-2022
1 atticulars	(Amounts in Lakhs)	(Amounts in Lakhs)
A. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	22545.54	-3928.49
Net/(Loss) Profit after extraordinary items & taxation	22343.34	-5720.47
Adjustments for operating activities :	0.55	0.59
Depreciation	0.57	0.58
Provision for Doubtful advances	372.90	0.00
Interest Expense	240.66	3844.19
Provision for Employee Benefits	0.00	0.00
Interest Provsion written back	-14097.54	
Principal Loan waived off by Bank	-500.00	
Reduction in Liabilty due to invokation of Bank guarantee of the Ulitmate Holding Company	-8600.00	
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	-37.88	-83.72
Adjustments for:		
(Increase)/Decrease Other Financial/currrent Assets	900.00	-0.69
(Increase)/ Decrease in Short Term Loans & Advances	170.93	
Increase/(Decrease) in Financial Liabilities	240.69	
	14.00	-144.00
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade receivable	14.00	0.00
Increase/(Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	144.20	43.24
Increase/(Decrease) in Other Liabilities		01.08
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables	-03.16	01.44
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	-0.45	
Cash generated from operations	1428.34	-182.64
Income Tax paid	0.00	0.00
Income Tax paid for earlier years		
Net Cash from / (used in) Operating Activities after extraordinary items (A)	1428.34	-182.64
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
Investments in Mutual Fund	0.00	0.00
Investment in Fixed Asset	0.00	0.00
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Asset	0.00	0.00
Interest received	0.00	0.00
Net cash from / (used in) investing activities (B)	0.00	0.00
	0.00	
B. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	0.00	0.00
Proceeds from Issue of Share Capital	0.00	0.00
Inter Corporate Loans received	8571.75	-317.66
Proceeds from the Holding Company/Loan to Holding company	8371.73	500.30
Proceedings from Short Term Borrowings	-10000.00	300.30
Repayment of borrowings	-10000.00	
Interest Paid	1400.05	1927
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities (C)	-1428.25	182.64
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	0.08	0.0
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	0.13	0.13
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	0.22	0.13
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash and cheques on Hand	0.00	0.0
Balances with Banks		
-On Current Accounts	0.22	0.1
-On Deposit Accounts	0.00	0.0
Cash and cash Equivalent (as per Note 3)	0.22	0.1
Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilit	ies and financial assets arising from t	inancing activities:

Reconculation between the As per our report of even date attached. For M/s ASKM & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS Firm Reg No: 0127995

M &

FRN:

GANGADHAR. ANNA

Place: Chennai Date : 13.05.2023

Partner Membership No. 224029

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.S. Kumar Director

A Praveen Kumar

Director

PVJ Corporate Identifical atement of Changes i			The result of th	2000 11: 201 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	e Identification (valide). Costot (1817) 681 CC013-601		PVP CAPITAL LIMITED
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	---------------------

(Amounts in Lakhs)

D 000000000000000000000000000000000000				Statement of changes in equity	anges in equit	Λ					
				Reserves & Surplus	Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	nsive Income	-	
Downston State Of	Equity Share	Security Premium	Refained	Retained Farnings Capital Reserve		General Reserve	Statutory	Equity Instruments through other comprehensive Income	Other Items of Other Comprehensive Income	Total Equity attributable to equity holders of the	the
Balance as on 31st March 2019	2500.00	0.00	_	-11449.40	٦̈́	60.75	511.23			Combany	-8364.87
Transferred to General Reserve	00:00	0.00	00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	0	0.00
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ asset , net of tax effect	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.00	0.00	0	0.00
IND AS RS - OCI									-0.52	2	-0.52
Profit for the year	0.00	0.	0.00	-6050.47	0.00	0.00		0.00	00.00		-6050.47
Transferred to Statutory Reserve				0.00			0	0.00			
Balance as on 31st Mar 2020	2500.00	0.		-17499.86	0.00	60.75	511.23		1		-14415.86
Transferred to General Reserve	0.00	0.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00:00	00.00	00.00	0	0.00
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ asset, net of tax effect	0.00	0.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0	00.00
IND AS RS - OCI									01.33	69	01.33
Profit for the year	0.00	0.	0.00	-4717.72	0.00	0.00		0.00	00.00		-4717.72
Transferred to Statutory Reserve				0.00			0	0.00			
Balance as on 31st Mar 2021	2500.00	0	0.00	-22217.58	0.00	60.75	511.23		1		-19132.25
Transferred to General Reserve	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.	0.00	00:00	0	0.00
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/asset, net of tax effect	0.00	0.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0	0.00
IND AS RS - OCI											0.00
Profit for the year	0.00	0	00.00	-3928.49	0.00	0.00		0.00	00.00		-3928.49
Transferred to Statutory Reserve				0.00			0.	0.00			
Balance as on 31st Mar 2022	2500.00	0	0.00	-26146.07	0.00	60.75	51		1		-23060.74
Transferred to General Reserve	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	00.00	0	0.00
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ asset, net of tax effect	0.00	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.00	0	00.00
IND AS RS - OCI											0.00
Profit for the year	0.00	0	0.00	22504.54	0.00	0.00		0.00	00.00		22504.54
Transferred to Statutory Reserve				0.00			0	0.00			
Balance as on 31st Mar 2023	2500.00	0	0.00	-3641.53	0.00	60.75	511.23	23 0.00	00 13.35	5	-556.20

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached.

For M/s ASKM & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Firm Reg No: 0127995

GANGADHAR. ANNA Partner Membership No. 224029

Place: Chennai Date : 20.05.2023

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAR 31, 2023

Note-4		(Amo	unts in Lakhs)
	Computers & Related Assets	Office Equipments	Total
Gross carrying value as of Mar 31, 2022	0.37	0.21	0.58
Gross carrying value as of 31.03 2023	0.37	0.21	0.58
Accumulated Depreciation as of Mar 31, 2022	0.35	0.20	0.55
Depreciation Accumulated depreciation on deletions			0.00
Translation difference			
Accumulated Depreciation as of Mar 31, 2023	0.35	0.20	0.55
Carrying value as of MAr 31, 2022	0.02	0.01	0.03
Carrying value as of Mar 31, 2023	0.02	0.01	0.03



Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481

Other Non Financial assets - INVESTMENT PROPERTY FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2023

Note-5

(Amounts in Lakhs)

	Land	Building	Total
Gross carrying value as of March 31, 2022	69.23	35.98	105.21
Additions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Deletions	0.00	0.00	0.00
Translation difference	0.00		0.00
Gross carrying value as of March 31, 2023	69.23	35.98	105.21
Accumulated Depreciation as of Mar 31, 2022	0.00	01.43	01.43
Depreciation		0.57	0.57
Accumulated depreciation on deletions			
Translation difference			
Accumulated Depreciation as of Mar 31, 2023	0.00	01.99	01.99
Carrying value as of Mar 31, 2022	69.23	34.55	103.79
Carrying value as of Mar 31, 2023	69.23	33.99	103.22



Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AS AT 31st Mar, 2023

	NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS	A5 A1 515t Mai, 2025	
		As at	As at
		31-03-2023	31-03-2022
		(Amounts in Lakhs)	(Amounts in Lakhs)
NI-1- 0	CACH AND CACH FOUNTALENTS	(rimounts in Zanis)	(12210 4210 221
Note-2	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	0.22	0.13
	Balance with banks		
	Cash on hand	0.00	0.00
	(as certified by the Management)		
		0.22	0.13
Note-3	LOANS		
11010	Secured - Considered Doubtful		
	Loans - Film Finance	14381.04	14581.04
	Unsecured - Considered Good	11301.01	11001.01
		2121.04	2092.79
	Advances to Related Party	2121.04	2092.79
	Unsecured - Considered Doubtful		40.00
	Loans and advances to Others	12.09	12.09
	Less: Provision for Doubtful advances	-12.09	-12.09
	Less: Provision for Film Finance	-14262.35	-13889.46
		2239.73	2784.38
NI-1-C			
Note-6	TRADE PAYABLE		
	Sundry Creditors for Expenses	04.17	07.32
		04.17	07.32



Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AS AT 31st Mar, 2023

As at 31-03-2023 (Amounts in Lakhs)

As at 31-03-2022 (Amounts in Lakhs)

Note-7 SHORT TERM BORROWING

Secured

becureu		
Loan from Bank*	0.00	10000.00
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	0.00	0.00
Loan from others **	1807.00	1807.00
	1807.00	11807.00

^{*}The above Loan is secured by a charge on the Loans made to film finance and other related activities, apart from the collateral securities on the properties belonging to Group Companies and personal guarantee of Mr Prasad V Potluri and Smt Jhansi Sureddi.

^{**} The above Loan is secured by a second charge on the Loans made to film finance and other related activities, and personally guranteed by a Director of the company.

Note-8	OTHER FINANCIAL LIABIILITIES		
11010 0	Salary Payable	0.99	01.44
	Interest Accrued and Due on Borrowings	0.00	13856.86
	Interest Accrued and Not Due on Borrowings	0.00	0.00
		0.99	13858.30
Note-9	SHORT TERM PROVISIONS	1110.05	10/0.07
	Provision for Income Tax (Net of TDS / Advance Tax :	1110.87	1069.87
	Employee Benefits	0.17	0.17
	Contingent Provision against Standard Assets	61.38	61.38
		1172.42	1131.42
Note-10	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
	TDS Payable	45.52	45.66
	Service tax/GST Payable / Professional Tax	0.00	144.06
		45.52	189.72
Note-11	(A) Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up share capital and par value per share	Holdings	
		Holdings	
	Authorised Share Capital		
	5,00,00,000(PY 5,00,00,000)Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	5000.00	5000.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up		0.40
	2,50,00,000 (PY: 2,50,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1000.00	0.12
		1000.00	0.12
	(B) Reconciliation of number of equity shares outstanding at the at the end of the year:	e beginning and	
	Number of equity shares outstanding as at		
	the beginning of the year	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
	Add: Number of Shares allotted during the year		-
	Less: Number of Shares bought back	_	-
	Number of equity shares outstanding as at		
	the end of the year	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS AS AT 31st Mar, 2023

As at As at 31-03-2022 31-03-2023 (Amounts in Lakhs) (Amounts in Lakhs) (C)Shareholding in the company of the holding company and ultimate holding company and their subsidiaries / associates 2,50,00,000 Picturehouse Media Limited and its nominees 2,50,00,000 (D) Shares in the company held by each shareholder holding more than 5%: Name of shareholder Picturehouse Media Limited and its nominees 2,50,00,000 2,50,00,000 2,50,00,000 2,50,00,000 % of Share holdings Name of shareholder 100 100 Picturehouse Media Limited and its nominees 100 100 NIL NIL (E) Rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to various NIL NIL (F) Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts NIL (G) Commitment for sale of shares/ divestment NIL (H) Details of allotment of shares for consideration other than cash,

(I) The Company has only one class of shares issued and paid-up capital referred to as equity shares having a per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

NIL

NIL



allotment of bonus shares and shares bought back

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Notes To The Statement of Profit & Loss For Year Ended 31st Mar, 2023

Note-12 Other Income Sale of Movie rights Provision written back Waiver of loan from Bank Note-13 Changes in Inventory Opening Balance Add: Inventory Written off during the year (*) Sub-total Less: Closing Film Production Expenses * The company has recovered the Movie rights againist the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.			For the year ended 31 Mar 2023 (Amounts in Lakhs)	For the year ended 31 Mar 2022 (Amounts in Lakhs)
Opening Balance Add: Inventory Written off during the year (*) Sub-total Less: Closing Film Production Expenses * The company has recovered the Movie rights againist the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.		Sale of Movie rights Provision written back Waiver of loan from Bank	200.00	800.00
Add: Inventory Written off during the year (*) Sub-total Less: Closing Film Production Expenses * The company has recovered the Movie rights againist the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.	Note-13		0.00	0.00
Sub-total Less: Closing Film Production Expenses 200.00 800.00 200.00 * The company has recovered the Movie rights againist the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.				
Less: Closing Film Production Expenses 0.00 200.00 * The company has recovered the Movie rights against the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.		,		
* The company has recovered the Movie rights against the outstanding debt from the debtor and sold to others by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.		=		0.00
by rasing GST invoice for Rs. 2 crore during the year and Rs.8 cr in the previous year. Since it is not main business activity of the company, we are consider this income as other income.		Less. Closing I mit i routetion Expenses		
Note-14 EMPLOYEE COST	Note-14			Since it is not main
Salaries and allowance 11.96 17.27	Note-14		11.96	17.27
Staff welfare 0.20 0.23				0.23
Other Allowance 0.00 0.00				0.00
12.16 17.50			12.16	17.50
Note -15 FINANCE COST	Note -15	FINANCE COST		
Interest Expenses 240.66 3844.19				
240.66 3844.19			240.66	3844.19
Note-16 OTHER EXPENSES	Note-16		00 =0	04.42
Legal, Professional and consultancy 08.70 04.43			08.70	04.43
Director's Sitting fee ROC Fees 0.14 0.19		ROC Fees	0.14	0.19
Payment to Auditors As Audit Fees 01.18 01.00			01.18	01.00
As certification fees 0.00 0.00				0.00
Rates & Taxes 15.37 0.13			15.37	0.13
Travelling & Conveyance 0.00 0.00			0.00	0.00
CSR Payable 0.00 60.00				
Other Expenses 0.33 0.46				

66.21

25.72



PVP Capital Limited

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

NOTE 1: COMPANY'S OVERVIEW AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Background: PVP Capital Limited (Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481) was incorporated in the year 1988. The Company is into Film financing sector. The Company has its place of business in Chennai, India. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of M/s. Picture house Media Limited.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements
- (A) The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accounting Policies have been consistently applied except where a newly accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

(B) The classification of assets and liabilities of the Company is done into current and noncurrent based on the operating cycle of the business of the Company is less than twelve months and therefore all current and non-current classifications are done based on the status of reliability and expected settlement of the respective asset and liability within a period of twelve months from the reporting date.

(C) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires that the management to make estimates judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments, and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are



made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the standalone financial statements.

1.2 Revenue Recognition:

The Company recognizes income and expenditure on accrual basis except interest on loans which are classified as non-performing assets and are accounted for on realization basis. Interest Income on Loans is accrued over the maturity of the loan where the interest is serviced regularly as per the applicable prudential norms prescribed for NBFCs by RBI to the extent applicable to the Company.

1.3 Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent Measurement

(i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequent measured at amortized cost if it held within a business model which objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

(ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of



principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Further in cases where the Company has made an irrevocable election based on its business model, for its investments which are classified as equity instruments, the subsequent changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets which are not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

(iv) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized costs using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate the fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments

Fair Value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realized.

For all other financial instruments the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of those instruments.

1.4 Cash Flow Statements:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of nature or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.



1.5 Property, PlantAnd Equipment:

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management. The Company depreciates property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows:

Computer and related Assets -3 yearsOffice Equipment's - 5 yearsAdvances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before each data as disclosed under 'Capital Work-in-progress'. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Repairs and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminating from the financial statements upon sale or retirement of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less cost to sell.

1.6 Investment Property:

Properties which are held for capital appreciation or to earn rental income are termed as Investment Property. Investment Propertyare stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Costs directly attributable to acquisition are capitalized until the property, plant and equipment are ready for use, as intended by management. The Company depreciates Investment Property over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of assets are as follows: Buildings -60 years.



1.7 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which it is incurred, except those attributable to acquisition of assets that takes a substantial period to get ready for its intended use, then the borrowing cost incurred on such assets are capitalized to its cost.

1.8 Employee Benefits

a) Leave Encashment

Leave encashment is paid for in accordance with the rules of the Company and provided based on an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Actuarial Gains/Losses are recognizedimmediately in Statement of Profit & Loss.

b) Defined benefit plan

The Cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date, which recognizes each period of service as giving raise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build up the finalobligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in Net Interest on net defined liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods. Past service cost is recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period of plan amendment.



1.9 Provisions and Contingencies:

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that probably will not require an outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made the fact is disclosed.

1.10 Provision for Taxation:

- Provision for current tax is made for the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year under Income Tax Act, 1961.
- Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that such deferred tax assets can be realized against future taxable profits.

1.11 Earnings Per Share:

The company reportsit's Basic and Diluted earnings per share in accordance with the Ind As - 33 - Earnings per Share'. Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting preference dividend, if any and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Partly paid equity shares are treated as fraction of an equity share to the extent that they were entitled to participate in dividends related to a fully paid equity share during the reporting year.



NOTE NO. 18 OTHER ITEMS

- 18.1 (a) The Company has not maintaining the minimum net owned fund of Rs. 2 crores as per RBI requirements and are in the process of rectifying the same with in a short period.
 - (b) The Company has been under the Non deposit (ND) category consequent to the redefining of "systematic significance" for NBFC's ND with asset size less than Rs. 500 crores.

Consequent to the redefining of 'systematic significance', the NBFCs-ND with asset size of less than Rs. 500 crore, are exempted from the requirement of maintaining CRAR, complying with Credit Concentration Norms and filing quarterly returns.

Promoters' shareholding:

Shares held by the p	% change during the year			
Promoter Name	during the year			
Promoter Name	romoter Name No. of shares % of total shares			
Picture House Media Ltd 2,50,00,000 100				Nil

- 18.2The leverage ratio of the Company is (-5.80)(P.Y:-1.06) as on 31st March, 2023.
- 18.3 There are no exposures to Real Estate, direct or indirect.
- 18.4 The maturity pattern of Assets and Liabilities is given below
 - All the Assets represented by Film Financing are repayable within 1 year and
 extensions are considered and granted on a case to case basis at the discretion
 of the management on a need basis after reviewing the progress.
 - The Liabilities represented by Bank Over- draft and from other parties are repayable within one year.



- 18.5 Loans Film finance' are advanced for financing film production and it is secured against lien on film negative, assignment of rights, personal guarantee of the producers.
- 18.6 During the year the Ultimate Holding Company has settled with the Lender as part of its obligation of issuing Corporate Guarantee to the Company through OTC.
 Pursuant to this settlement, the Company has written back Rs. 231.97 crores under exceptional items consist of interest and principal amount.

18.7 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Expenditure

S1.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
No.		(In Rs.)	(In Rs.)
a.	Gross amount required to be spent by the Company	-	60,00,000
b.	Amount spent	-	60,00,000
	Total	-	60,00,000
C.	Short fall at the end of the year	-	-
d.	Total Previous years shortfall	-	-
e.	Reason for shortfall		-
f.	Amount contributed to a trust controlled by the	-	
	Company		
g.	Nature of CSR Activities	-	-
i.	Construction / acquisition of any asset		-
ii.	On purposes other than (i) above	-	60,00,000

No provision has been made in the books for the year towards CSR by the Company. Previous years obligations were discharged during the year 2021-22.



18.8 Earnings per Share

Particulars	Ref	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Profit/ (Loss) before Exceptional Items (in Rs.)	A	(65,200,397)	(39,28,48,641)
Profit/ (Loss) after Exceptional Items (in Rs.)	В	225,45,54,044	(39,28,48,641)
Number of shares outstanding	С	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Earnings per share before Exceptional Items –	A/C	(2.61)	(15.71)
Basic and Diluted			
Earnings per share after Exceptional Items –	B/C	90.02	(15.71)
Basic and Diluted			

18.9 Related Party Transactions

N (d. p. l. c. l.p. c.	D
Name of the Related Parties	Description of relationship
Picturehouse Media Limited	Holding Company
PVP Ventures Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Dakshin realtors Private Limited	Key Management Personnel directorship
Mr. Challa Siva Prasad Naga	Key Management Personnel (wef 25th September,
	2019 to 31st March 2023)
Ms. Jhansi Sureddi	Key person having substantial holdings in
	Holding company
N.S. Kumar	Director
SohrabChinoyKersasp	Director
R. Nagarajan	Director (upto 25th September, 2019)
A.Praveen Kumar	Director (wef 25th September, 2019)

Summary of transactions with the related parties, during the year ended March 31, 2023and balances as at the March 31, 2023



Nature of transactions	Transactio Year F (In I	Ended	Balance outstanding as at (In Rs.)	
	Mar 31, 2023 Mar 31, 2022		Mar 31, 2023	Mar 31, 2022
Unsecured Loans Advanced				
(Net)				
Picturehouse Media Limited -	28,25,075	3,17,66,292		
(Received)/ Paid			21,21,04,021	20,92,78,946
Loans to parties taken over				
earlier returned				
Remuneration paid to KMP				
Mr. Challa Siva Prasad Naga	Nil	5,88,587		
Corporate Guarantees given by				
PVP Ventures Limited	100,00,00,000	100,00,00,000	NIL	100,00,00,000

18.10 Capital Management and Financial Instruments:

A. Capital Management

The Company's capital management strategy is to effectively determine, raise and deploy capital so as to create value for its shareholders. The same is done through a mix of equity, long term debt and of short term cash credit.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of its product, capital expenditure, operations and strategic investment plans.

The capital structure is monitored on the basis of net debt to equity and maturity profile of overall debt portfolio of the Company.

The Company in the financial services business has complied with all regulatory requirements as prescribed by RBI applicable to its present net worth.

Financial assets and liabilities



PVP Capital Limited

Corporate Identification Number: U65191TN1988PLC015481 Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs. In lakhs)

Financial Assets	As at	As at
	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Particulars		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.21	0.13
Other Current Assets	0.69	0.69
Financial Liabilities		
Equity Share Capital	2,500.00	2,500.00
Other Equity	(3015.19)	(25560.73)
Total Equity	(515.19)	(23060.73)
Short Term Borrowings	1806.99	11807.00
Other financial liabilities	0.99	13858.30
Other current Liabilities	45.51	189.72

A. Financial Risk Management Framework

In the course of its business, the Company is exposed to certain financial risks namely interest risk & liquidity risk. The Company's primary focus is to achieve better predictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The financial risks are managed in accordance with the risk management policy which has been approved by Board of Directors of the Company.

The credit risk is managed through credit norms established based on historical experience.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates etc. could affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments including cash flow. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while maximizing the return.



(i) Interest Rate Risk

The Company uses borrowings to manage the liquidity & fund requirements of its day-to-day operations. Further, certain interest bearing liabilities carry variable interest rates.

The Company is almost immune to risk of swing in interest rate as the margin between the interest on borrowed capital and the interest on loans and advances given is substantial. Further interest on loans and advances given is fixed irrespective of the interest rates in the market.

(b) Credit Risk Management

Credit Risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The exposure is continuously monitored.

(i) Short Term Loans And Advances

The Company applies the simplifies approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by Ind AS 109, which permits the use of lifetime expected loss provision for all loans & advances. The Company has computed expected credit losses based on the current information of the borrowers and status of the film production.

Credit Quality of Financial Loans

Financial services business has a comprehensive framework for monitoring credit quality of its film finance based on the status of the film production, repayment by film producers and portfolio is tracked regularly and required steps for recovery is taken through follow ups and legal recourse.

Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk



The maximum exposure to credit risk of loans and advances is their carrying amount. The maximum exposure is before considering both the effect of mitigation through collateral security.

Narrative Description of Collateral

The nature of collateral security is in the form of personal guarantee of the borrowers. Further this personal guarantee is backed up with the list of immovable properties held by the borrower with the original title deeds.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's management is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserves borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of Financial Liabilities:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

			,
Particulars	On demand	Less than 1 year	Total
As at 31st March, 2023			
Borrowings	1807.98	Nil	1807.98

Particulars	On demand	Less than 1 year	Total	
As at 31st March, 2022				
Borrowings	25,665.30	N	lil	25,665.30



- 18.11 The "Provision for Income Tax (Net of TDS / Advance Tax)" Grouped under "Short Term Provisions" includes a sum of Rs.10,69,86,592/- (PY:Rs.10,69,86,592/-) pertaining to the Income tax due for the earlier years, which remains unpaid till 31st March, 2023.
- 18.12 The Income Tax Department has raised a demand of Rs. 42.28 lakhs for the financial year 2017-18 u/s 143(3) of the Income Tax Act after completing the scrutiny proceedings for the year. No provision has been made yet in the books of account as the Company is in filed an appeal with the National faceless Authority. The Management is of the opinion that the Company has a fair chance to win the appeal.
- 18.13 The fair value of the land and the building held as Investment Property is Rs.1,03,24,667 as at 31st March, 2023. The Company's internal assessment for the fair value, the above value was arrived at.
- 18.14 The Company has not received any intimation from suppliers, regarding their status, under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and hence the required disclosures such as amounts unpaid as at the year-end together with interest paid/ payable as required under the said Act have not been given.

18.15 Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Partic	ulars	Outstanding for following periods where due date of payments is not specified				
		Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 yeas	Total
(i)	MSME					
(ii)	Others	87,500	1,76,439	0	1,52,700	4,16,639
(iii)	Disputed	0	0	0	0	0
	Dues - MSME					
(iv)	Disputed	0	0	0	0	0
	Dues - Others	÷				

18.16 Financial Ratios

The following are the analytical ratios for the year ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022.



Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	31st March, 2023	31 st March, 2022
Current Ratio	Current	Current	0.79	0.14
	Assets	Liabilities		
Debt Equity	Debt	Equity	-5.80	-1.17
Ratio				
Return on	Earnings	Capital	1.27%	0.17%
Capital	before interest	Employed		
Employed	and taxes			,

18.17 Details of loan assets of the company and their impairment in the books:

Particulars	F.Y 2022-23	F.Y 21-22
1 to 3 Months past due	Nil	Nil
More than 3 months past due	14,393.13	14,593.13
Impaired more than 3 months	(14,274.44)	(13,901.54)
Balance as on 31.03.2023	118.69	691.58

18.18 Explanatory notes 1 to 17 forms an integral part of the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss and are duly authenticated.

As per our report of even date.

For M/s. ASKM & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Reg. No. 012799S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

GANGADHAR ANNA

(Partner)

Membership No. 224029

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FRN:

Director

A PRAVEENKUMAR
Director

Place: Chennai

Date: 13th-May-2023

UDIN: 23224029BGVTHZ8600